

CLASSIFICATION SECRETCOUNTRY East Germany

REPORT

TOPIC Occupation of the Military Installations in Stahnsdorf

25X1

EVALUATION

PLACE OBTAINED

25X1

DATE OF CONTENT

25X1

DATE OBTAINED

DATE PREPARED 17 September 1954

25X1

REFERENCES

PAGES 2

ENCLOSURES (NO. & TYPE)

REMARKS

This is UNEVALUATED

25X1

1. Between 15 April and 22 August 1954, the Schlieffen Kaserne (4781) in Stahnsdorf was occupied by approximately 700 soldiers wearing black-bordered black, blue-bordered black and, a few, wearing red-bordered black epaulets. The fenced-in southeast section of the installation was occupied to capacity by approximately 200 soldiers. In mid-April and mid-July, an exchange of soldiers, presumably students of instruction courses, was observed. Many soldiers of those who arrived in mid-July came from Trebbin-Glau. 25X1
2. A Token-type and a Kniferest-type (SCR-602) radar set were located in the north-west section of the installation. Ten radio trucks were seen in the barracks yard. Three four-mast radio stations were still observed north of the installation. The radio stations were permanently occupied. Drill, field training and training in firing was continuously observed in and near the installation. Signal communications training included construction of overhead lines, laying and soldering of ground cables and exercises with radio sets. The latter were dug in up to their antenna masts. Between 14 and 16 August, elements of the units and four radio trucks were absent. On 11 May, numerous details were employed in the picking up of large quantities of leaflets in which the KIS demanded Krushnovich's release. 25X1
3. Between 15 April and 22 August, the Ludendorff Kaserne (4783) and the Siegfeld Kaserne (4782) in Stahnsdorf were occupied by 600 to 700 soldiers each. Most of the soldiers wore black-bordered black and blue-bordered black epaulets. In mid-April and mid-July, an exchange of personnel, presumably students of courses, was observed in these installations. Training in the two installations was similar to that observed in Schlieffen Kaserne. In late May, a six-mast radio station was established in the southeast corner of Ludendorff Kaserne. On 14 August, elements with 10 trucks and 2 radio trucks left this installation. Numerous dogs which frequently accompanied the units to the training area were observed in the Siegfeld Kaserne. In late May, the south section of the installation was surrounded by a board fence. Soviet dependents were quartered in both, the Ludendorff and the Siegfeld Kaserne. The latter, however, quartered a larger number. 25X1

CLASSIFICATION SECRET

25X1

SECRET

- 2 -

25X1

25X1

25X1

4. Between 12 and 25 August, the Schlieffen Kaserne in Stahnsdorf was occupied to capacity by approximately 800 soldiers who wore black-bordered black epaulets with signal insignia. The Ludendorff Kaserne and Siegfeld Kaserne, which had been heavily occupied, were only lightly occupied during this period. Small details frequently engaged in the construction of permanent overhead telephone lines in the vicinity of Stahnsdorf. Firing was daily practiced at the Gueterfelde firing ranges.

25X1

Comment. The installations mentioned appeared to be still occupied by the 66th Sig Regt of the GSFG. The regiment probably conducted courses for signal units from the entire zone in which soldiers of the 138th Gds Sig Regt of the Third Gds Mech Army from Camp Glau near Trebbin also participated. In addition to elements of the 66th Sig Regt, the Schlieffen Kaserne is occupied by the komendatura from Teltow which was previously quartered in Ludendorff Kaserne. The dogs in the Siegfeld Kaserne were probably messenger dogs. Units of the regiment may have conducted small-scale exercises between 14 and 16 August. Information in paragraph 4 tends to indicate that units from the Ludendorff and Siegfeld Kasernen were still absent after 16 August.

NODEX

SECRET